

Online Learning: Addressing Challenges and Seizing Opportunities Utah

THE CHALLENGES

America's K–12 education system faces three significant challenges: (1) increased global demands for skilled workers, (2) significant financial shortfalls, and (3) a looming teacher shortage. Independently, these factors present significant challenges for U.S. schools. In combination, they create a national imperative for swift action to create a more innovative, effective, and efficient education system.

THE OPPORTUNITIES

Every day, creative educators are using technology better to meet the needs of students and teachers. Technology can no longer be considered an “add-on” tool in education, but rather one that is integral. Embracing online-learning opportunities for students and teachers will strengthen the supply and quality of teachers, improve efficiency, and increase students' college and career readiness.

CHALLENGE 1: GLOBAL SKILLS DEMANDS GROW FASTER THAN U.S. COLLEGE GRADUATION RATES

The global economy increasingly demands a skilled workforce. According to the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), only 40 percent of Americans aged twenty-five to thirty-four have a two- or four-year college degree, ranking the United States tenth among industrialized nations. Boosting the supply of skilled workers and leading the world in postsecondary attainment will require greatly increasing current high school graduation rates and college completion rates (depicted below.)

High School Graduation Rate (Class of 2006) ¹			College Completion Rates ²		
	State-Reported	Independently Reported	Two-Year Institutions <small>(Entered in 2005 and graduated within 3 years)</small>	Four-Year Institutions <small>(Entered in 2002 and graduated within 6 years)</small>	
Utah	83%	72%	Utah	43%	51%
United States	n/a	69%	United States	31%	56%

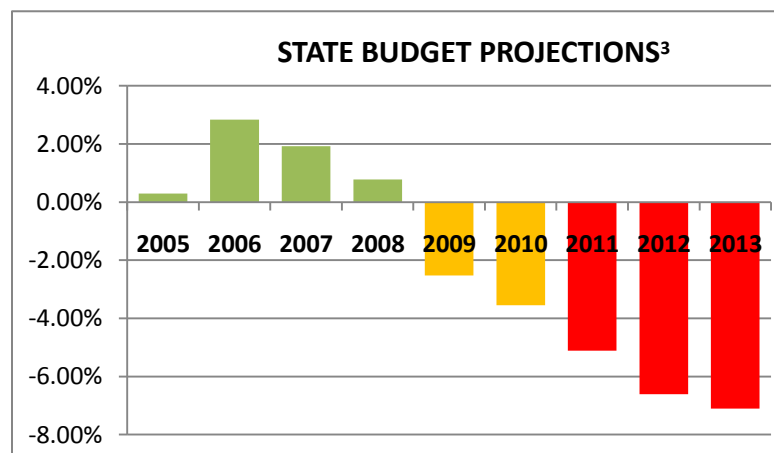
CHALLENGE 2: PROJECTED STATE DEFICITS INDICATE A PENDING FUNDING CLIFF

Local and state governments face continued declines in revenue. In many states, the 2008–09 recession has led to funding cuts or freezes for public education. Long-term forecasts predict that education funding will not return to former patterns forcing policymakers and educators to use scarce resources more effectively and efficiently to improve student outcomes.

According to the National Association of State Budget Officers, Utah's 2010 budget cuts totaled=

\$319 million⁴

including cuts to K–12 education.



CHALLENGE 3: THE LOOMING TEACHER SHORTAGE

Simply put, there are not enough highly skilled teachers to staff the nation's classrooms, let alone to accelerate improvements in achievement and attainment. Approximately one million teachers—almost one third of current teachers—are eligible to retire in the next five to seven years.⁵ Additionally, almost half of all new teachers leave the profession within five years of entering the classroom. The challenge is even more acute in difficult-to-staff subjects and in low-income and rural areas.

Percentage of Utah public school teachers aged 50 and up in School Year 2008–09 = **49%⁶**

This page summarizes information about (1) online-learning opportunities in Utah, (2) the presence of Utah state policies that support online learning, and (3) how federal policy supports online learning in Utah.

1. ONLINE-LEARNING OPPORTUNITIES

DO UTAH'S STUDENTS AND TEACHERS HAVE ACCESS TO COMPUTERS AND THE INTERNET?

	UT	U.S.
STUDENTS PER HIGH-SPEED, INTERNET-CONNECTED COMPUTER (2006) ⁷	5.3	3.7
PERCENTAGE OF EIGHTH-GRADE STUDENTS WITH ACCESS TO COMPUTERS IN THEIR CLASSROOMS (2007) ⁷	84%	50%
PERCENTAGE OF INDIVIDUALS WITH ACCESS TO INTERNET AT HOME (2009) ⁸	83%	83%

DO UTAH'S STUDENTS AND TEACHERS HAVE ACCESS TO ONLINE-LEARNING OPPORTUNITIES?

- **State virtual school:** Utah runs a state virtual school that is available to students in grades 9–12. In School Year 2008–09, Utah Electronic High School (EHS) had 7,216 for-credit students.⁹
- **Other online programs:** There are two statewide online charter schools in Utah. The Utah Virtual Academy is available to students in grades K–12. The school has over five hundred students. The Open High School of Utah was started by Utah State University professors, and is available to students in grades 9–12. In addition to online charter schools, Utah has at least seventeen district programs.⁹

2. STATE POLICY INFRASTRUCTURE

DOES UTAH HAVE POLICIES THAT NURTURE ONLINE LEARNING FOR STUDENTS AND TEACHERS?

	UT	States with Policy
STUDENT STANDARDS INCLUDE TECHNOLOGY LITERACY ⁷	Yes	50
STUDENTS ARE TESTED ON TECHNOLOGY LITERACY ⁷	Yes	13
COMPUTER-BASED ASSESSMENTS IS OFFERED ⁷	Yes	26
INITIAL TEACHER-LICENSE REQUIREMENTS INCLUDE TECHNOLOGY ⁷	No	21
INITIAL PRINCIPAL-LICENSE REQUIREMENTS INCLUDE TECHNOLOGY ⁷	No	10

3. FEDERAL POLICY

DOES FEDERAL POLICY SUPPORT ONLINE-LEARNING OPPORTUNITIES IN UTAH?

- Since Fiscal Year 2002, **Utah has received \$17 million** from the federal Enhancing Education Through Technology grant program to improve student outcomes through the use of technology such as improving teachers ability to use technology or improving online-learning opportunities.¹⁰

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SOURCES:

1) Editorial Projects in Education, *Diploma Counts*, 2009; 2) National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System, 2010, analysis by the Alliance for Excellent Education; 3) D. J. Boyd, *What Will Happen to State Budgets When the Money Runs Out?* The Nelson A. Rockefeller Institute of Government, 2009; 4) *The Fiscal Survey of States*, National Association of State Budget Officers and National Governors Association, 2009; 5) National Center for Education Statistics, *Projections of Education Statistics to 2017* (NCES 2008-078) (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Education, September 2008); 6) K. Smith, National Commission on Teaching and America's Future. Presentation to Arkansas AACTE-NEA Meeting, May 14, 2009; 7) Editorial Projects in Education, *Technology Counts*, 2010; 8) U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, October 2009; 9) *Keeping Pace with K–12 Online Learning: A Review of State-Level Policy and Practice*, 2009; 10) U.S. Department of Education, Historical Budget Tables, 2010 and State Education Technology Directors Association, State Profiles, 2010.